

Phrases with Inversions & Embellishing Tones (Chorale Style)

Ted Greene
1975-03-15

First play the notes as given, then write in the inner voices and play the full version. Four-note voicings will usually produce a good sound, but 3-voice chords will be necessary once in a while, or will occasionally be helpful for good voice-leading or ease of fingering.

(-) under a bass means that no new chord is to be played.

Write a Roman numeral analysis above each exercise.

I I IV V I I IV V vi vi iii iii IV vii III

VI VI ii ii v ii v I IV vii I I IV I V I

I IV I ii I IV I IV V vi vi IV ii III

ii III vi IV I V I vi ii vi IV I V I

"Phrases with Inversions & Embellishing Tones" - Ted Greene p.2

ii IV v ii #iv^o III vi IV vii I IV I V I

II III vi ii vi VII III I iii IV II I V I

vi vi ii VI ii v VI I ii III IV I V I

I ii III vi III ii III IV V I IV I V I

I V I IV I V vi V I vi V IV V III

-15-75
3-15-75
(-) under a bass means that no new chord is to be played.

PHRASES WITH INVERSIONS + EMBELLISHING TONES (CHORALE STYLE)

First play the notes as given, then write in the inner voices and play the full version.
4 NOTE VOICINGS will usually produce a good sound, but 3 voice chords will be necessary once in a while, or will occasionally be helpful for good voice leading or ease of fingering.

WRITE A ROMAN NUMERAL ANALYSIS ABOVE EACH MEASURE

When given figures below an inversion, those figures apply to the notes in relation to the bass not the root

Example:

Phrases with Inversions & Embellishing Tones (Chorale Style)

First play the notes as given, then write in the inner voices and play the full version. Four-note voicings will usually produce a good sound, but 3-voice chords will be necessary once in a while, or will occasionally be helpful for good voice-leading or ease of fingering.

(-) under a bass means that no new chord is to be played.

Write a Roman numeral analysis above each exercise.

[Inner voices and chord names added as suggestions.
Other voicings are also possible. ~ Editor's note]

I I IV V I I IV V vi vi iii iii IV V III
C C F G C^{sus} C/9 F^{Δ7} G⁷ A_m A_m E_m E_m F B^o E

VI VI ii ii v ii v I IV vii I I IV I V I
A A⁷ D_m D_m G_m⁶ D_m G_m C F B^{Δ7} C C F C G⁷ C

I IV I vii I IV I IV V vi vi IV ii III
E A E D^{#o} E A E A B⁷ C^{#m} C^{#m} A⁶ F^{#m} G[#]

ii III vi IV I V I vi ii vi IV I V I
C^{#m} D[#] G^{#m} E D^{#m} F[#] B E_bm A_bm E_bm C_b G_b D_b⁷ G_b

"Phrases with Inversions & Embellishing Tones" - Ted Greene p.2

ii IV v ii #iv^o III vi IV vii I IV I V I
 Ebm Gb Abm Ebm A^o7 F7 Bbm Gb C^ø7 Db Gb Db Ab7 Db

II III vi ii vi VII III I iii IV II⁷ I V⁷ I
 Ab Bb Ebm Abm Ebm7 F7 Bb D F#m G^Δ7 E7 D A7/6 D

vi vi ii VI ii v VI I ii III IV I V I
 F#m F#m Bm F# Bm Em⁶ F# G Am B C G D G

I ii III vi III ii III IV V I IV I V I
 C Dm E7 Am E7 Am E F G C F C G7 C

I V I IV I V vi V I vi V IV V III
 F C F Bb F C Dm C F Dm C Bb C7 A

ii III vi ii I III VI vi IV ii V vi VII III
 Gm A Dm Gm Dm A^{SUS} D Bm G Em A Bm C#7 F#

vi ii vi IV I V IV I
 F#m Bm F#m D A E D A

When given figures below an inversion, those figures apply to the notes in relation to the *bass*, not the root.
 Examples:

because C is a 6th
 above the bass (E)

because C is a 3rd
 above the bass (A)