## Chart of "Bass" Harmonization for Baroque Period

(extreme rarities not included)

(In any register, even very high, as long as it's the lowest note being heard, it's still the bass)

— For 2-Part Counterpoint —

Ted Greene, 1980-06-09

Shown in the key of C only.

## MAJOR KEY - C

Harmonic → Function	8	С	C#	D	D#	Е	F	F#	G	G#	A		
	7	В	C		D		E			G	G#	A	
	b7, #6	Bb	В	C		D	D#	Е	F	F#	G		A
	6	A	Bb	В	C	C#	D	D#	E	F	F#	G	G#
	b6, #5		A	Bb	В	C	C#	D		E	F		G
	5	G		A		В	C		D		E	F	
	#4, b5	F#	G	G#	A	Bb	В	C	C#	D	D#	E	F
	4	F	F#	G	G#	Α	Bb	В	C		D		Е
	3	E	F	F#	G	G#	A		В	C	C#	D	D#
	b3, #2	D#	E	F	F#	G	G#	A	Bb	В	C	C#	D
	2, 9	D		Е	F	F#	G	G#	A		В	C	C#
	b2, #1		D		E	F		G		A			C
Basses $\rightarrow$		C	C#	D	D#	E	F	F#	G	G#	A	Bb	В

Dasses 7

Less common appoggiaturas are not included here.

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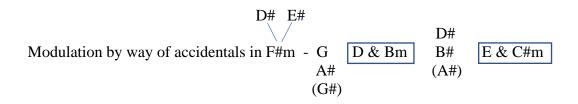
Also, +v<sub>6</sub> of ii not accounted for; likewise, #5 and similar chords.

[?]

Since the guitar does have distinct physical limitations, it would not be unwise to practice counterpoint as follows:

- 1) First on the top 2 strings only.
- 2) Then on all other adjacent pairs
- 3) Then on the top 3 [strings] only
- 4) The other sets of 3 [strings], and so on, or
- 4) The top 4 [strings] only, and so on.

For each minor key, memorize all 12 notes and how they function as bass notes (and as melody tones). Then put each melody tone (as targets of lines) over each bass tone (144 theoretical possibilities), and harmonize with inner voices.



For 2 PART COUNTERPOINT CHART OF "BASS" HARMONIZATION for BAROQUE PERIOD ( ATTHEWARD) (in any register, even very high, and long as it the lower further the base)

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